Bifurcation of M.D. in different medical disciplines

449. SHRI RAJNATH SINGH:
SHRIMATI MALTI SHARMA:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it had been made mandatory on the part of medical colleges/institutions to bifurcate M.D. in Radiology, Pathology and Bacteriology in a three year time;

(b) if so, whether it is a fact that candidates having degress of M.D. in Radiology, Pathology and Bacteriology etc. awarded to them after December, 1982 are eligible for appointments to a teaching post in a medical college/ institution and also eligible for promotion to the next higher post;

(c) whether the de-recognition has been incorporated in the Act;

(d) if so, the details thereof; and

(e) if not, the reasons therefore?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. C. SILVERA): (a) to (e) In the year 1971, the Medical Council of India had given instructions to all medical colleges and post-graduate medical institutions to bifurcate M.D. (Radiology) into separate degrees of M.D. (Radio-diagnosis) and MD (Radio-therapy) and also M.D. (Pathology and Bacteriology) into separate degree of MD (Pathology) and M.D. (Microbiology) and effect the bifurcation by 1974 and this change has been incorporated in the regulation on post-graduate medical education. In 1975, the post-graduate Committee of Medical Council of India had reviewed the bifurcation issue and requested the medical colleges to take immediate steps to bifurcate the degrees recognised by Government are included in the Schedules attached to Indian Medical Council Act, 1956. A person holding a recognised post-graduate medical qualification is eligible for a teaching post provided he fulfils other requirements as are prescribed by recruiting agencies.

Structural Reforms in IAS

450. SHRI S.S. AHLUWALIA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that eight Senior Secretaries of Union Government and ten Chief Secretaries of States met Cabinet Secretary on 10th July, 1995 and through him urged the Prime Minister to revamp and effect structural reforms in the IAS as they alleged political interference, stagnation and insecurity; and

(b) if so, what is the view of Government on this problem and whether Government propose to take any steps to rectify this structure and boost the sagging morale of the IAS Services?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS (SMT. MARGARET ALVA): (a) and (b) A meeting was held on 10th July, 1995, to discuss structural reforms for the Indian Administrative Service. Some State Chief Secretaries were also invited to participate in this meeting which was basically in the nature of a brainstorming session. Administrative reforms including structural reforms in the Civil Services which include IAS is an ongoing process. The meeting referred to is part of this process.

Persons Kidnapped in J &K

468. SHRI SHANKAR DAYAL SINGH:
SHRI SARADA MOHANTY:
PROF. VIJAY KUMAR MALHOTRA:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state: